

## Introduction

Java graphics classes, *SciGraph*, were developed to allow a NOAA Server user to interactively preview and overlay plots of more than one dataset at a time, including datasets that are stored on **different** Local Data Servers.

## Design Goals

- Allow a graphics client developer a great deal of flexibility and freedom.
- GIS style layer approach to display geophysical data.
- Support several types of graphical display.
  - \* X-Y plot.
  - \* 2-D contour and “pixel” plots.
  - \* Vector plots.
  - \* Point-Value plot.
- Develop a framework that is easily extended.
- Not a general purpose graphics package, but a set of tools.

## Mouse Events

**Two basic types of mouse events are supported by SciGraph.**

- The mouse can be used to select SciGraph objects. The developer determines how the application then interacts with the object.
- The mouse can also be used to specify a rectangle on the **Pane**. Again, the developer determines how this information is used by the application/applet.

## Overview

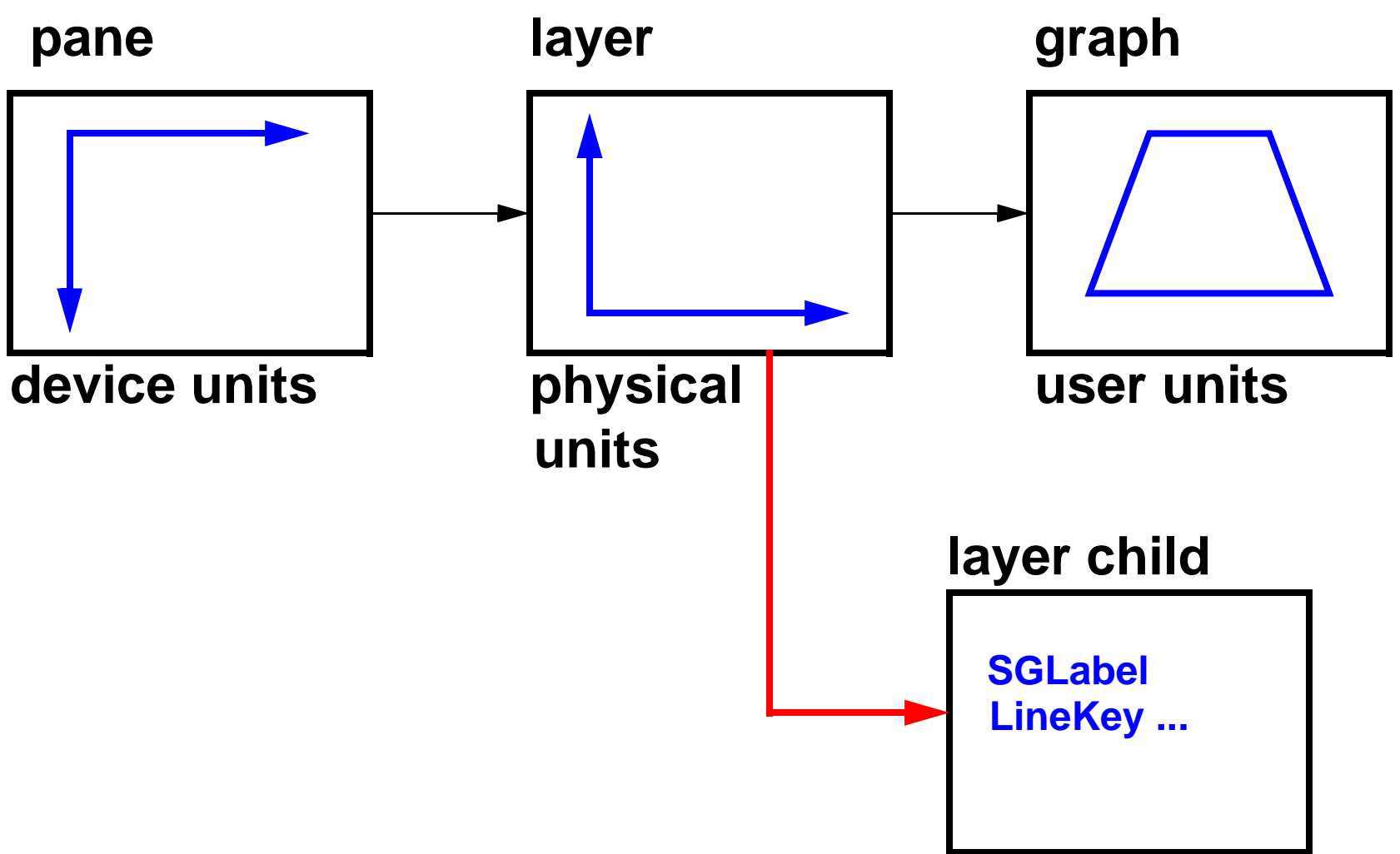
**SciGraph has three main components.**

- The **Pane**, on which all graphics are drawn.
- The **Layer**, which insulates the developer from the “device” coordinates of the Pane to “physical” coordinates.
- The **Graph**, which provides the transforms from “user” coordinates to “physical” coordinates.

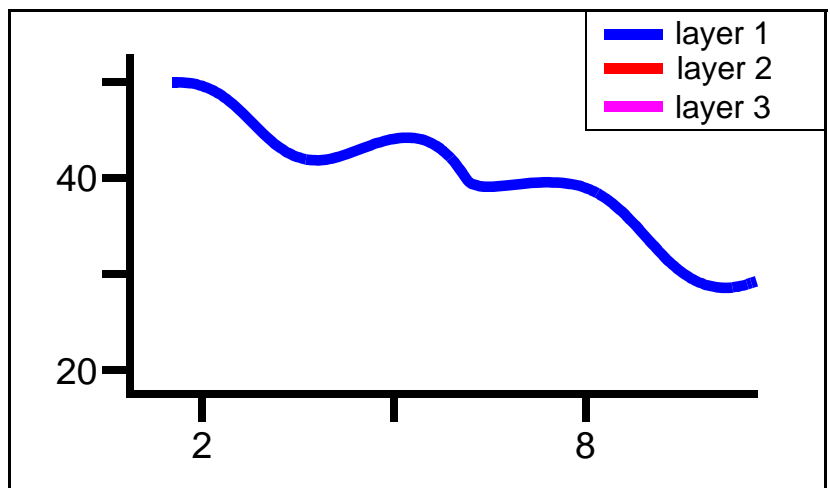
**Additional components include:**

- **Graph** classes. Line, vector, contour, etc...
- **Transforms** that specify the “user” to “physical” coordinates transformation.
- **Axes**. Linear, log, etc...
- **LayerChild** classes. Labels, keys, ...

## Main Graphical Components

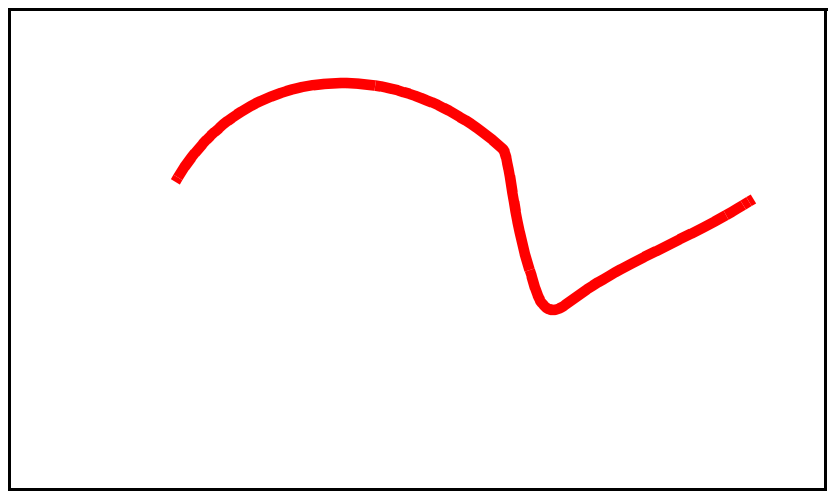


## An Example



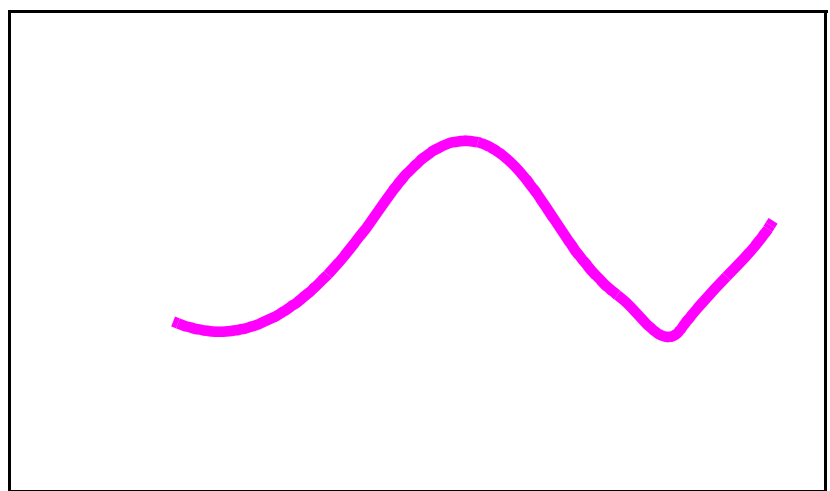
**layer 1**

Transforms  
Axes  
LineKey  
First Grid4D



**layer 2**

Second Grid4D  
Use layer 1 Transforms

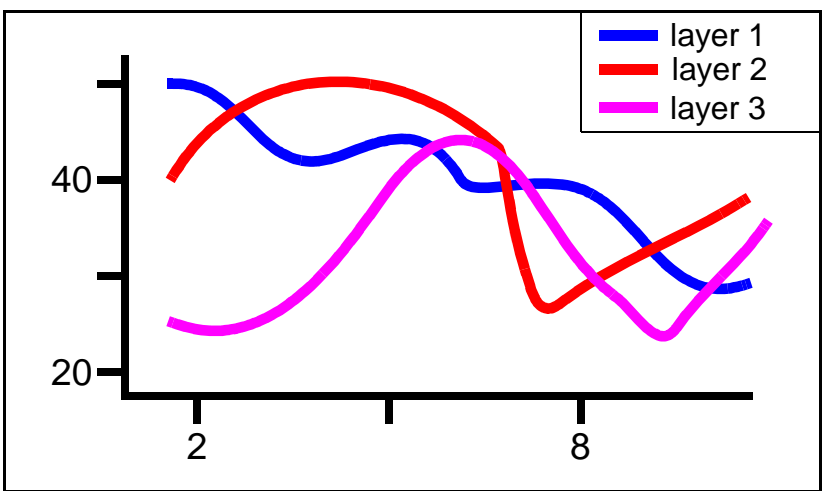


**layer 3**

Third Grid4D  
Use layer 1 Transforms

## Result

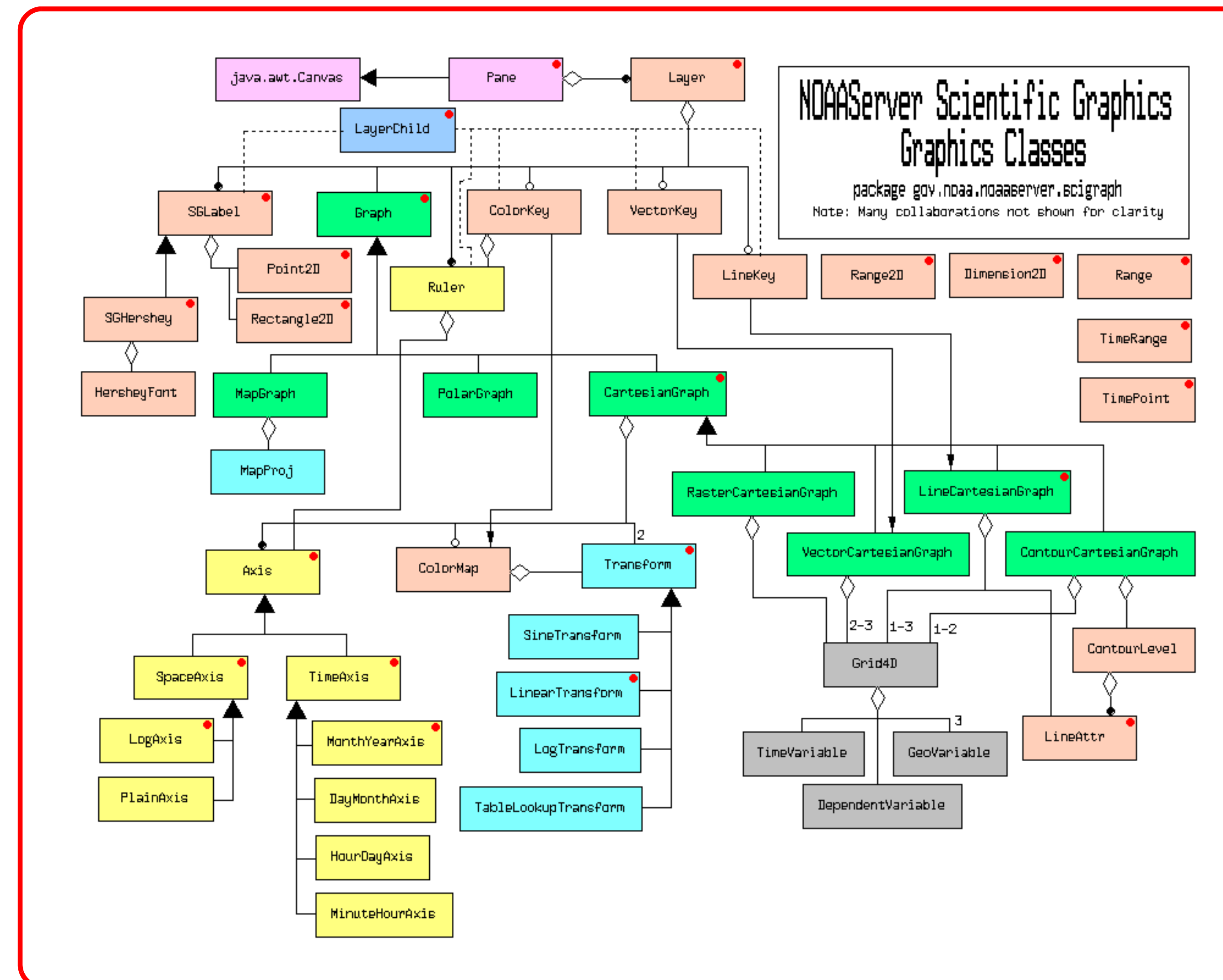
**Combined Plot**



# SciGraph: Object-Oriented 2D Scientific Graphics Library

Donald W. Denbo

*NOAA/Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory  
JISAO/Joint Institute for the Study of the Atmosphere and Ocean*



## Principle Classes

- **Pane**. Derived from java.awt.Canvas.
- **Layer**. Transforms “physical” to “device” coordinates.
- **Graph**. Abstract base class for all graphics.
  - \* **CartesianGraph**. Supports transforms where  $y' = f(y)$ ,  $x' = g(x)$ .
    - **LineCartesianGraph**. Line plot style is supported.
    - **ContourCartesianGraph**. Contour plot style is supported.
    - **VectorCartesianGraph**. Vector plot style is supported.
    - **RasterCartesianGraph**. Raster plot style is supported.
  - \* **MapGraph**. Supports map transforms, e.g. polar stereographic, lambert, etc.
  - \* **PolarGraph**. Supports the polar transform.

## Classes used with CartesianGraph

- **Axis**. Base class for cartesian axes.
  - \* **SpaceAxis**. Base class for float valued axes.
    - PlainAxis.
    - LogAxis.
  - \* **TimeAxis**. Base class for time axes.
    - MonthYearAxis
    - DayMonthAxis
    - HourDayAxis
    - MinuteHourAxis
- **Transform**. Base class for cartesian transforms.
  - \* LinearTransform.
  - \* SineTransform.
  - \* LogTransform.
  - \* TableLookupTransform.

## LayerChild Classes

The LayerChild interface defines how graphical objects are associated with a Layer.

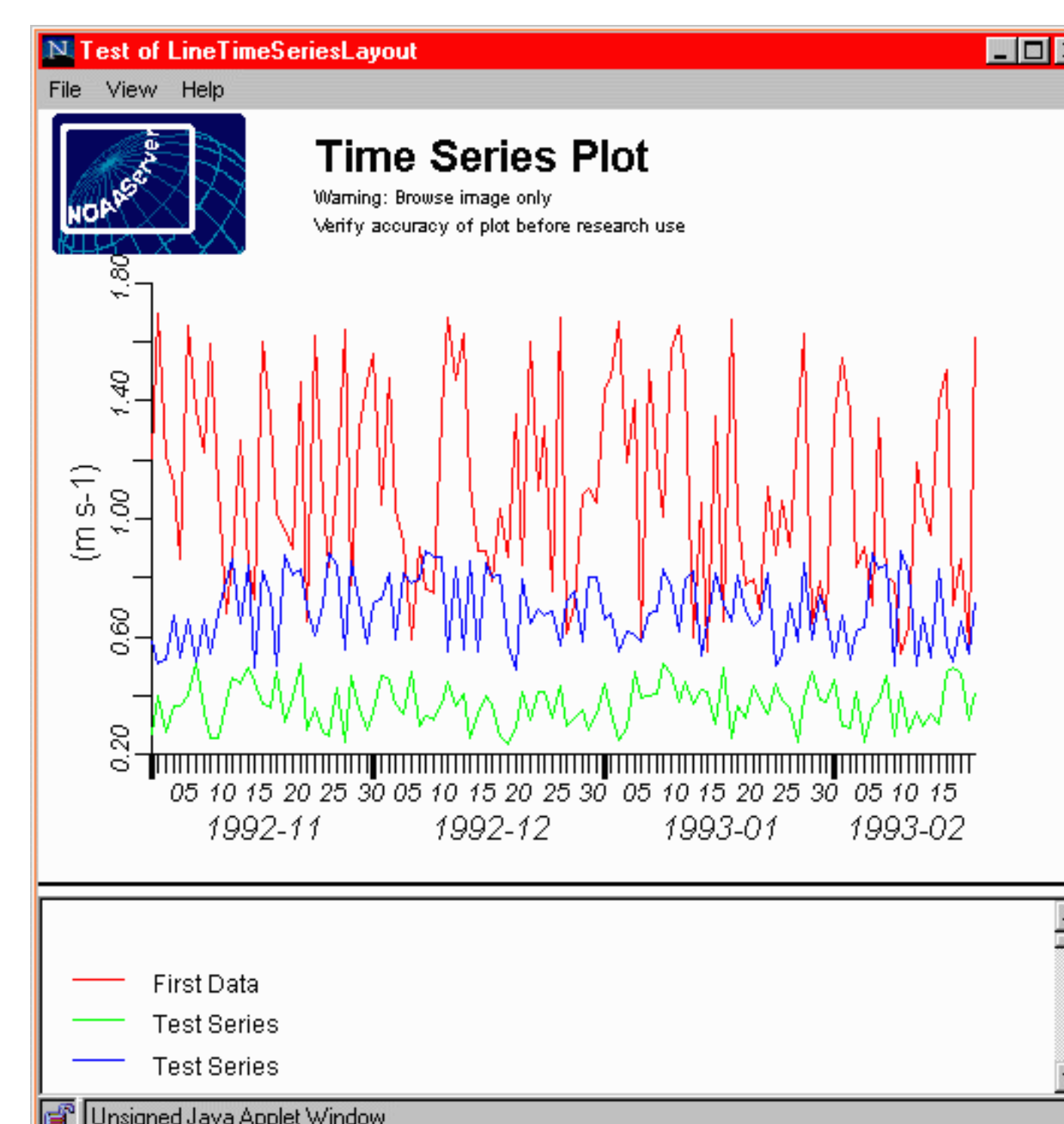
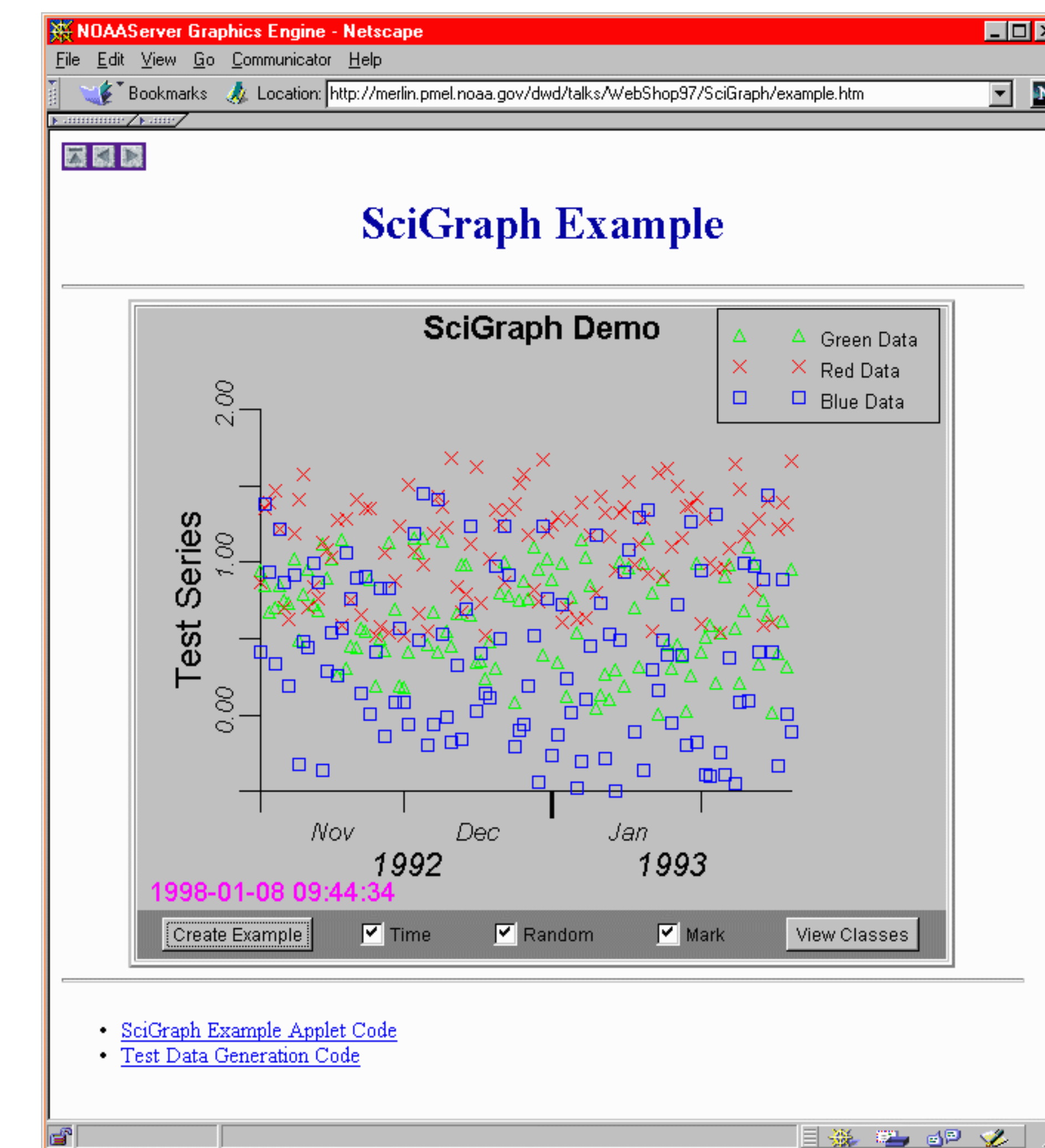
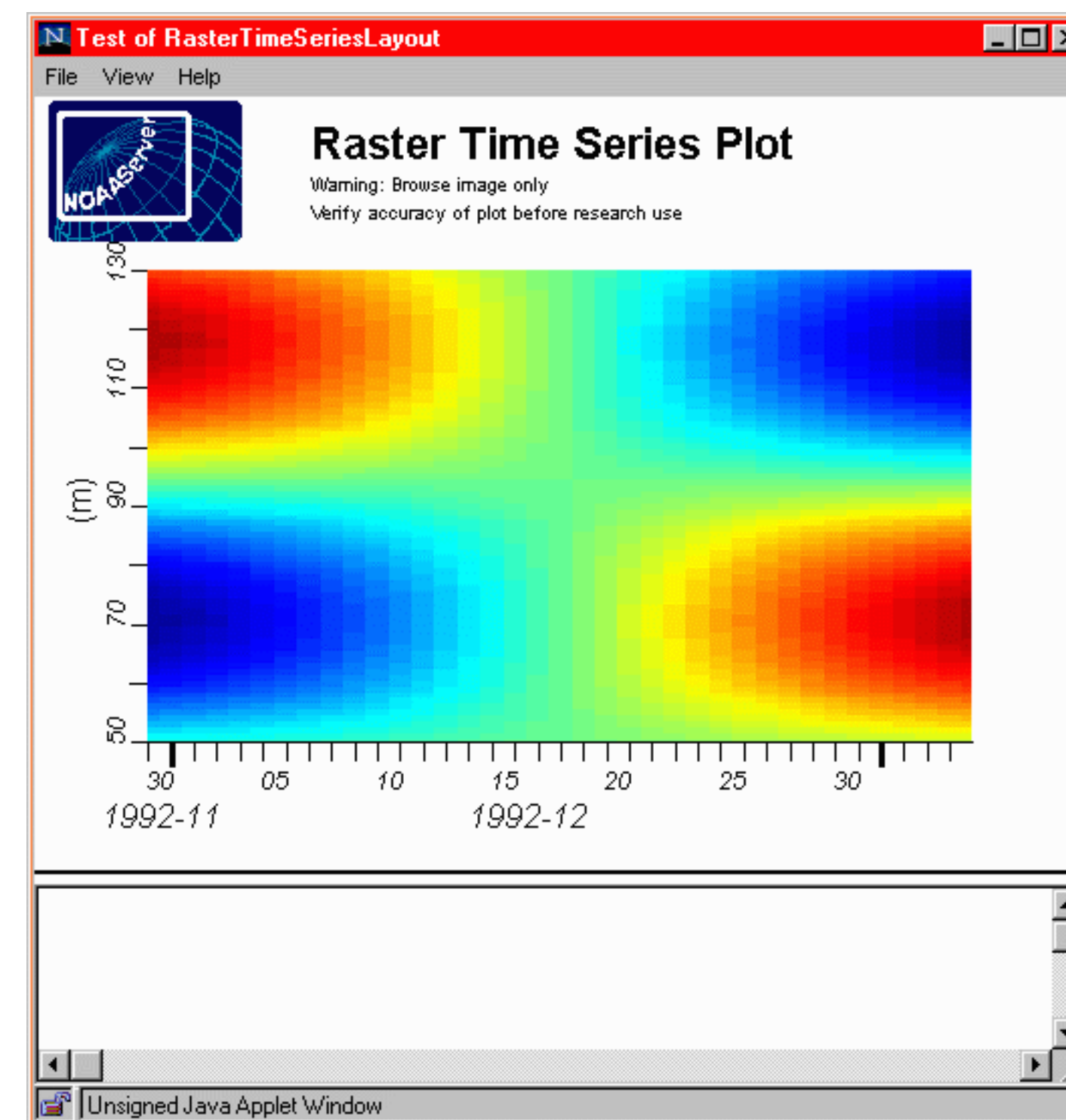
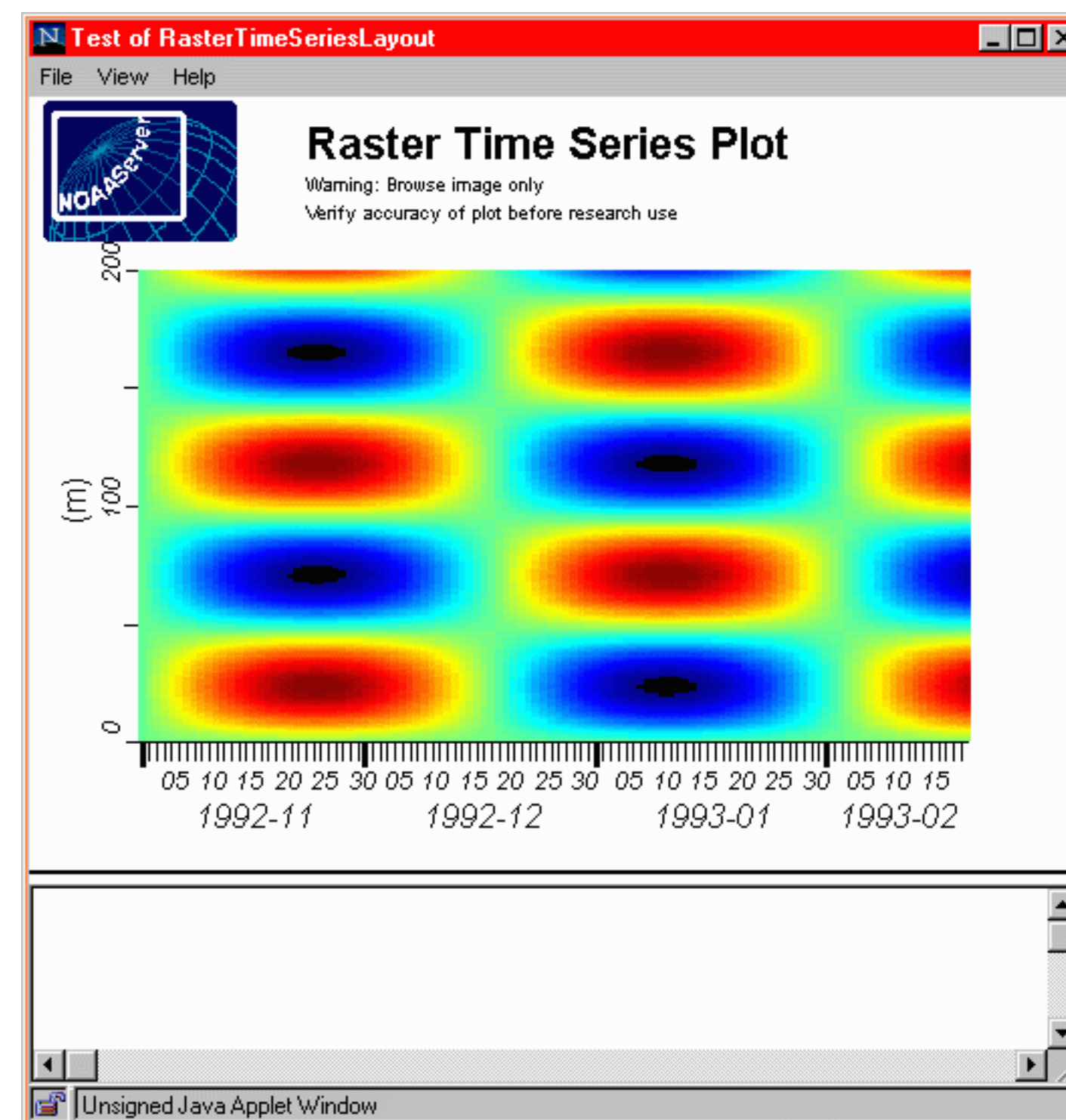
- **SGLLabel**. Draws text on a layer object.
- **LineKey**. Associates the appearance of a line with a label.
- **VectorKey**. Relates the size of a vector to its magnitude.
- **ColorKey**. Relates a ColorMap to user values graphically.

## Some Utility Classes

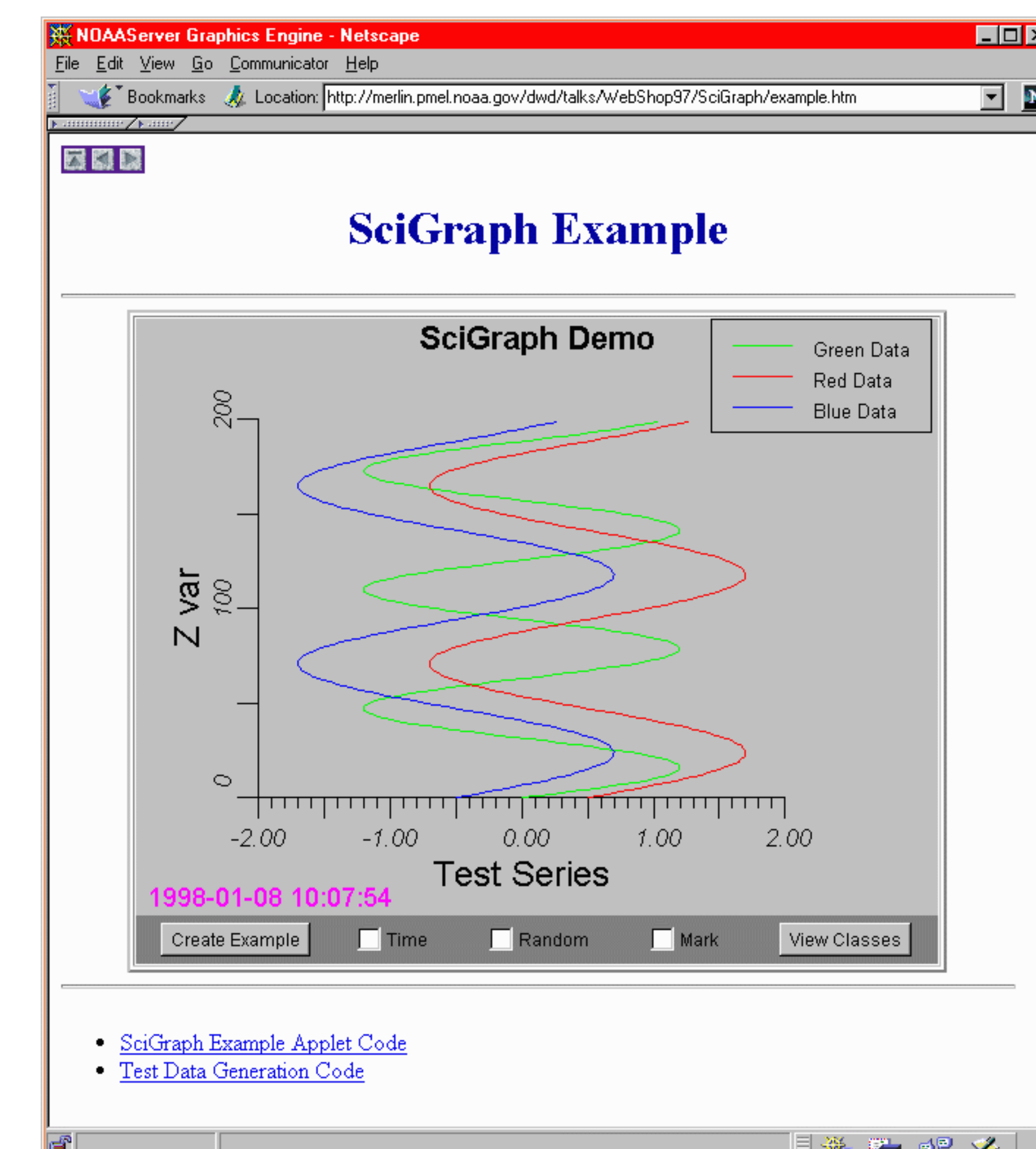
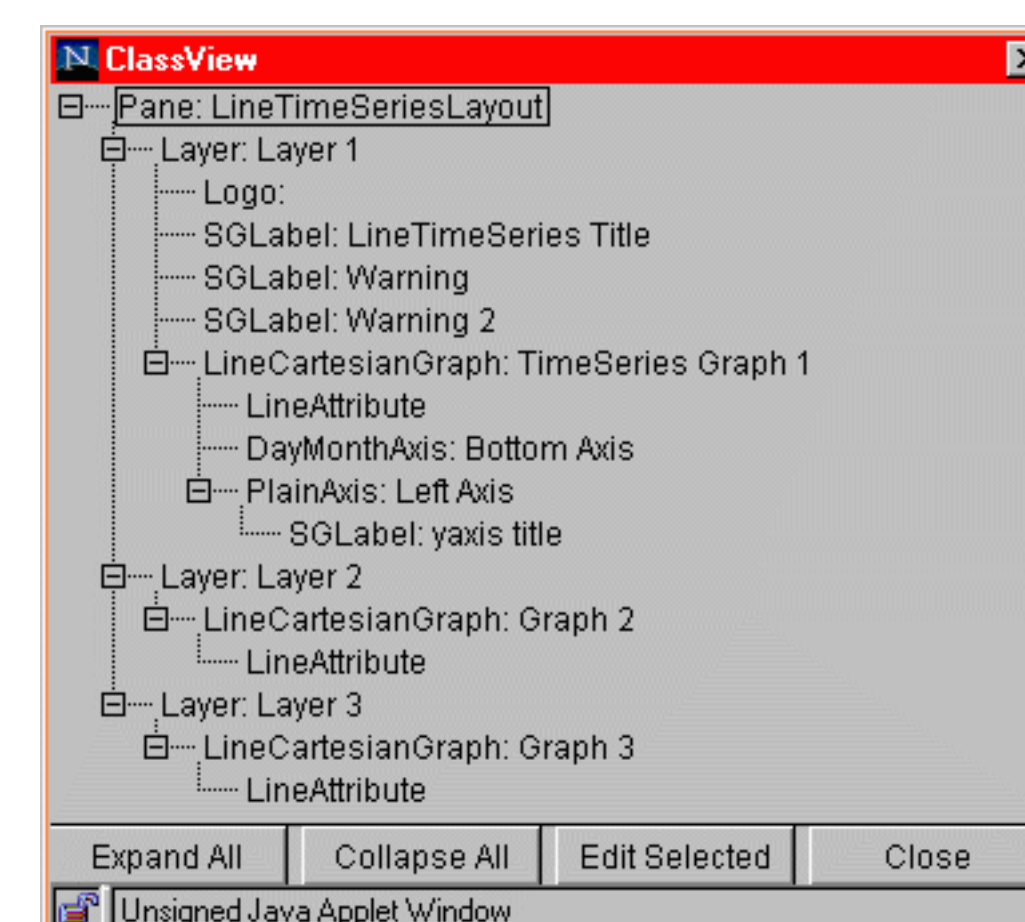
- **LineAttr**. Defines line style for LineCartesianGraph and ContourCartesianGraph.
- **TimeRange**. Contains minimum and maximum times.
- **Range2D**. Contains minimum, maximum, and delta float values.
- **ColorMap**. Defines a lookup colormap.



Zoom



SciGraph Class Tree



## Summary

- SciGraph performance is good on Java VM's with Just-In-Time compilers.
- SciGraph has been successfully used in the development of the NOAA Server Co-plotting Prototype.
- SciGraph has proven to be very flexible.

## What's Next?

- Add more mouse event handling. For example, data point selection using the mouse.
- Complete implementation of the CartesianGraph subclasses. This includes graph classes, axes, transforms, and keys.
- Design MapGraph class and its subclasses.
- Modify NOAA Server graphics classes to fully implement the **JavaBean** standard.